

A Survey On: Sentiment Analysis framework of Twitter data Using Classification

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Abstract—

Sentiment means classify the opinions which are in the form of text. As we are classifying the text it must having different unstructured contains with information of particular subject. There are various social media sites which gives us information with their thoughts but twitter is biggest among them where anyone who having account on twitter can tweet their opinions of any subject in any certain or uncertain way. Hence, we get extra scope in mining of such data. The analysis is done with the help of machine learning algorithms on the dataset. Classification is done by the classifier algorithms. The reviews data is used for performing sentimental analysis. This paper gives idea about how the analysis is done on twitter data by using various algorithms and machine learning concepts. It is a survey of different papers for analyzing the sentiments of text.

Keywords—

machine learning; sentiment analysis; Naïve Bayes; support vector machine; random forest.

1. Introduction

Social media sites like Twitter, Facebook, blogs and many online forums produced large amount of unstructured data. Day by day social media micro-blogging is becoming very popular for users to express their opinions on different type of events, products, services, etc. Millions of users share their feelings on twitter. Twitter allow users to share their opinions in less than 140 words. So sentiment analysis is easy on twitter data. Large amount of unstructured data is generating from social media which is classified as positive, negative or neutral. Positive sentiments are those which contain appreciation for other's tweets, movies, products, etc. On the other hand negative sentiments are those which contain bad words or dissatisfactory comments on any product, movie, event, etc. Whereas neutral sentiments are neither positive nor negative sentiment. Many manufacturing companies uses social media data for analyzing the popularity of the product. Sentiment analysis is also useful

for researchers for particular research area where the opinions of people are very important.

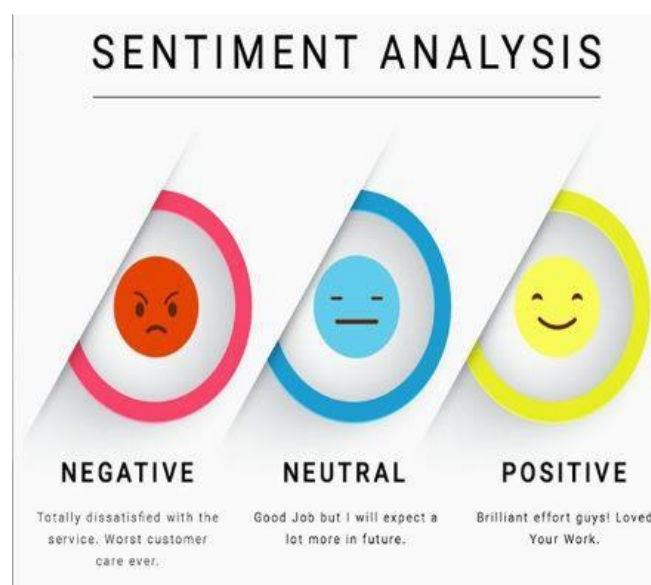


Fig1. Sentiment Analysis [12]

1A. Sentiment Analysis:

Sentiment analysis is kind of information mining that recognizes the specific data from given content and characterize it as positive, negative or neutral. Sentiment analysis is otherwise called opinion mining which infers the assessments of individuals. Sentiment analysis gives us the intrusion on user's opinions about items, occasions or movies. It utilizes natural language processing (NLP) which is utilized to separate and investigate the given information.

1B. Natural Language Toolkit (NLTK):

The Natural Language Toolkit (NLTK) is a toolkit which manages the human language information used to develop the python program. It comprises of text processing libraries for tokenization, parsing, stemming, etc. NLTK is a standard library in python which works with human language. NLP

which is natural language processing gives the interface among computers and human with the assistance of NLTK.

2. Literature Survey

Garg, et al.[2] given about the sentiment analysis on twitter data post Uri attack, in that they conclude that the positive tweets survive in low amount, because too much negative information prevails people by people for instance might start targeting a community and it can lead to civil unrest. They also discussed the trends for retweets and number of favorites.

Ahuja, et al.[4] describe on the surveys different approaches of clustering with respect to sentiment analysis and presents a way to find relationships between the tweets on the basis of polarity and subjectivity. In that they forming a cluster of the results from both the tools' score, From that we are able to group 'definitely' positive and 'definitely' negative tweets.

K. Lavanya, et al.[3] explain about the Sentiment Analysis on Twitter Using Multi-Class SVM. In that the proposed algorithm gives the better accuracy. The algorithm classifies the tweets of different topics as positive, negative, neutral. The proposed method is evaluated across different topics and it outperforms in terms of recall, precision and F-score.

Huma, et al.[6] describe about the Sentiment Analysis on Twitter Data-set using Naive Bayes Algorithm. They conclude that the increasing the efficiency of sentiment analysis using Hadoop MapReduce. Also the neutrality of tweets plunges if the emoticons in the tweets/retweets are fed into the analysis.

Kudakwashe Zvarevashe, et al.[7] design a framework for sentiment analysis with opinion mining for hotel customer feedback. For sentiment polarity, he proposed framework in which sentiment dataset automatically prepared for training and testing data to extract that opinion received from review. For classification components of the framework different machine learning algorithms like Naive Bayes Multinomial, Sequential minimal optimization Compliment Naive Bayes and composite hypercube used for comparative analysis to find out suitable machine learning algorithm for framework. Textual datalike hotel reviews are used for sentiment analysis. Natural Language processing technique used for sentiment analysis and for automatic classification of sentiments computational linguistic technique used. Because mislabeled dataset leads to incorrect decisions, he describe about intuition model and sentiment polarity based model and also discuss about how sentiment analysis can perform on feedback collected from the customer.

N. AZMINA M. ZAMANI, et al.[8] used lexicon based approach for transform unstructured data into meaningful lexicon. All that lexicons stored in database when manual identification done. For this text information extracted and then clustered into emotions. After analysis categorized them into happy, unhappy and emotionless and then result displayed by giving percentage to sentiment categories after that it is decided whether Facebook post get positive or negative based on response or comments. Software tool developed in java for sentiment classification using lexicon-based approach for that predefined word list need to be stored in database. For efficient data analysis lexicon-based

approach is more efficient. While text analysis emoticons also considered to classify emotions which are able to support voice inflections and facial expressions. In this post not include any images. Lexicon based approach has comparable accuracy issue. He also used web server for data preprocessing on comment extraction then related words collected and stored in database for sentiment analysis. JSON library are used for automatic extraction of Facebook post comments.

Charu C. Aggarwal, et al.[9] conduct survey on text classification on wide variety of domains in text mining. Some of domains are mentions here. News filter and organization ex. text filtering- there are many web portals are available for news so all of these data are available in electronic form. In single day, various amount of such data generated by many organizations which is not possible to handle manually. Hence automatic categorization technique is useful to organize such data on web portal. b. Document organization and retrieval ex. digital library- contains many scientific research papers, articles, web documents. In different domain various methods are used to organize data. Hierarchical method is useful for organization and retrieval of data. Opinion Mining contains users feedback, comments and review which need to be categorized to get appropriate result. In opinion data is categorized in positive, negative and in neutral form the Email classification and spam filtering- It is classify by determining the either mail is junk or not.

Harpreet kaur, et al.[10] conduct survey on sentiment analysis and told how useful it is in decision making, business application and prediction and trend analysis. It contains basic idea about the polarity of the text by classify it into positive, negative and in neutral form. The main purpose is to know about the attitude of the comment writer or speaker. He stated that Sentiment analysis can also perform on audio, images and videos. It include two concept subjectivity and objectivity in which subjective text are those text which contains emotions while objective text are those which contains only factual information. Sentiment analysis can perform on various level like document level, sentence level and phrase level. Sentiment analysis is helpful in decision making by collecting reviews about particular object that it is good or bad. In business application it is helpful for company to achieve desired goal by fulfilling customers requirement to satisfy their need. It is useful for prediction and trend analysis by using public review on current topic.

jie Li, et al.[11] stated that sentiment of each statement can be calculated by the sentiment structure which is obtain by dependency parsing. They also told how to calculate sentiment of sentiment sentence and short text. They proposed to use dependency parsing. He used short text from microblog to perform sentiment analysis in which statement dependency is analyzed and then dependency relation between the words considered. He also sentiment structure which include dependency parsing, sentiment relationship, sentiment relationship migration and modified distance. Microblog has word limitation of 140 words which

makes microblog short text. Sentiment calculation done by using sentiment value of a sentence.

3. Methodology

3A. Fetching data from twitter

Twitter is collection of large datasets, for performing the sentiment analysis on twitter data the data extraction processing is important. In compare to the other networking sites twitter gives users to share their views openly. With the help of twitter API twitter gives the expansive access to tweets.

To fetch data from twitter steps:

- The twitter app is created by twitter to access the twitter developer account which having identical user name and password. By this the credentials are obtained to get string form of tweets from the API.
- After getting API the tweepy library is used which is python library. With the help of tweepy the interactions with tweets for performing analysis become simple.

As we get text dataset then further process is start.

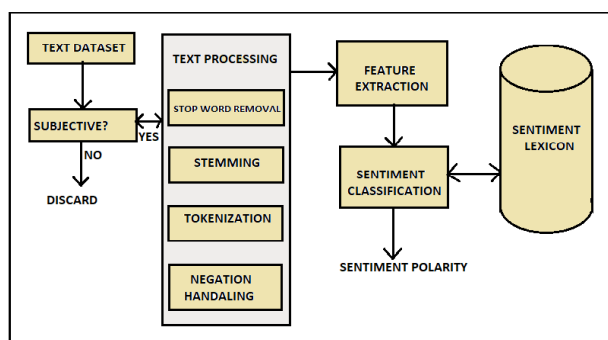


Fig.2. Sentiment Analysis Process

3B. Text Processing

The data is in the form of text. To perform analysis the text processing is very important. Because the text contains lot of words so text processing is must.

• STOPWORD REMOVAL

Sentence may contain pronouns (he, she, It), nouns, verbs, adjectives, articles (a, the), prepositions (here, near) these doesn't make any sense. Hence their removal is important.

• STEMMING

It is nothing but removal of prefix and suffix. Consider example 'playing', 'played' where play is actual word and 'ing' is suffix which is not important.

• TOKENIZATION

It is the most important process it also called as chopping. It is used for breakdown the sequence of text sentence to tokens, phrases or words.

• NEGATION HANDLING

Consider example "Movie was not so good" here the positive and negative both words are occurred but the polarity of sentence is totally indicates the negation[10]. After processing on text next is extraction of useful words.

3C. FEATURE EXTRACTION

As the processing on text is takes place then the extraction of useful words is important. The removal of unnecessary words takes place by text processing. In feature extraction the actual words which are useful to perform analysis are extracted.

3D. SENTIMENT CLASSIFICATION

Classification takes place in two ways first is supervised and second is unsupervised.

• Naïve Bayes

This is important algorithm of machine learning which is mainly used for classification. It is very effective and highly accurate. Its classification rate is [7,8] [1]. It comes under supervised learning algorithm with probabilistic classifier [10]. It gives probability in the form of positive negative and neutral.

• SVM

Support vector machine is supervised machine learning technique under the linear classification which performs the classification based on linear characteristics [10]. It uses hyperplane to make classes separate. It is a non-probabilistic classification algorithm.

3E. SENTIMENT LEXICON

It is collection of words in which each word having score that indicates the positive, negative and neutral nature of sentence. The sentence which having high score it will define its polarity.

Conclusion:

Twitter is an amazing source where individuals over the world meet up to share their opinion on different issues. Consequently, it gives a wide degree to researchers to get a huge measure of crude information. This crude information processing serves to analyze the opinions of users. From this survey, we have studied the different types of classification algorithms for text analysis. The data mining technique is used for text extraction from given data. From this the text is categorized as positive, negative or neutral.

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